



INVESTMENT POLICY GUIDELINES

1. **Effective Date.** These Investment Policy Guidelines have been recommended by the 2019-20 Fiscal Concerns Committee and approved by the Executive Board on 11/15/2019.
2. **Scope.** These policy guidelines concern all FASFAA funds (liquid assets) consisting of cash, cash equivalents, and readily marketable investment securities.
3. **Purpose.** FASFAA Investment Policy Guidelines are designed to provide for the safety, liquidity and appropriate investment of FASFAA assets and to ensure adequate oversight and compliance.
4. **Allocation of Funds.** FASFAA funds will be divided into two categories in order to meet cash flow needs for FASFAA programs and operations and to provide long-term investment of remaining funds.
 - a. Operating Fund
 - i. UBS HW 66882 Operating Reserve
 - ii. UBS HW 15106 Operating Reserve 2
 - iii. 10110 Wells Fargo Checking(Cash)
 - iv. 10260 Paypal (Cash)
 - b. Investment Fund
 - i. UBS HW 66881 Bonnie Pirkle Scholarship
 - ii. UBS HW 66883 Short Term Reserve
5. **Eligible Investments.** The following investments are illustrative and considered appropriate investment vehicles for each fund. However, since the investment community is continually introducing new and improved investment products, other investment vehicles not enumerated here with similar investment and investment risk characteristics may also be appropriate as determined on a case-by-case basis.
 - a. Operating Funds
 - i. Checking accounts – FDIC insured
 - ii. Savings accounts – FDIC insured
 - iii. Money market accounts – FDIC insured or backed by US government securities/obligations, Commercial Paper rated A-1/P-1, or other short-

term fixed instruments with a similar rating by one of the major rating agencies.

- b. Investment Fund
 - i. Including, but not limited to Global Developed Fixed Income, Emerging Market Stocks, and Mutual Funds

6. Investment Strategies; Asset Allocation.

- a. Operating Fund
 - i. Liquidity requirement: Daily.
 - ii. Asset allocation: 100% checking, savings or money market accounts
- b. Investment Fund
 - i. Investment Strategy. The objectives of the Investment Fund should be pursued as long-term goals designed to maximize investment returns without exposure to undue risk, as defined herein. It is understood that a fluctuating rate of return is the chief characteristic of the securities markets. It is also understood that there is a strong positive correlation between short-term volatility and higher long-term rates of return. For FASFAA, for its Investment Fund, the greatest concern is preservation of purchasing power through long-term appreciation of assets and, secondarily, consistency of total portfolio returns.
- c. Investment Policy Asset Allocation Targets and Ranges by Asset Class :

ASSET CLASS	MINIMUM WEIGHT	TARGET WEIGHT	MAXIMUM WEIGHT
Equity	25%	35%	60%
Total Alternative Assets	0%	25%	35%
Fixed Income	25%	40%	60%
Cash and Equivalents	0%	0%	15%

7. Responsibility and oversight.

- I. **Responsibility.** The Executive Board is ultimately responsible for FASFAA’s assets as well as the Investment Policy guidelines. The executive board has delegated oversight authority to its subcommittee, the Fiscal Concerns Committee. Thus, the FCC is responsible to monitor FASFAA funds for compliance with the investment policy.
- II. **Reporting.** The investment advisor is to provide monthly (to the President) performance reports for FASFAA’s investments.
- III. **Meetings.** The FCC will meet at least twice a year to review FASFAA Funds.
- IV. **Annual Review.** No less than annually the FCC will review the performance of the portfolio and the Investment Policy Guidelines and report its finding to the EB in a written report together with any recommended changes it deems necessary.

The EB will also review fund performance, the Investment Policy Guidelines, and the FCC annual report and implement any changes it deems necessary.

- V. **Investment Monitoring.** There will be a written quarterly review of the portfolio, and an annual in-person review of the portfolio by the manager with the FCC.
- VI. **Changes/Exceptions to the Investment Policy.** These guidelines can be changed by the executive board and exceptions can be made by the President after conferring with the executive board.